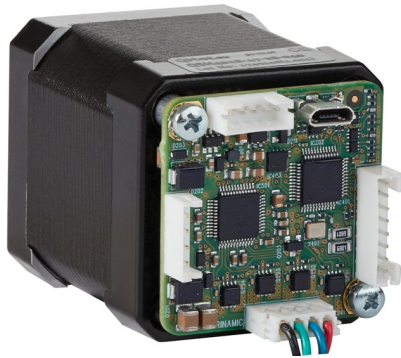


# PD42-x-1241 Hardware Manual

Hardware Version V1.00 | Document Revision V1.22 • 2018-SEP-03

The PANdrive™ PD42-3-1241 and PD42-4-1241 are small and compact full mechatronic solution including a NEMA17 / 42mm flange size stepper motor, the TCM-1241 controller / driver electronics and TRINAMIC™ sensOstep™ encoder for step-loss detection.



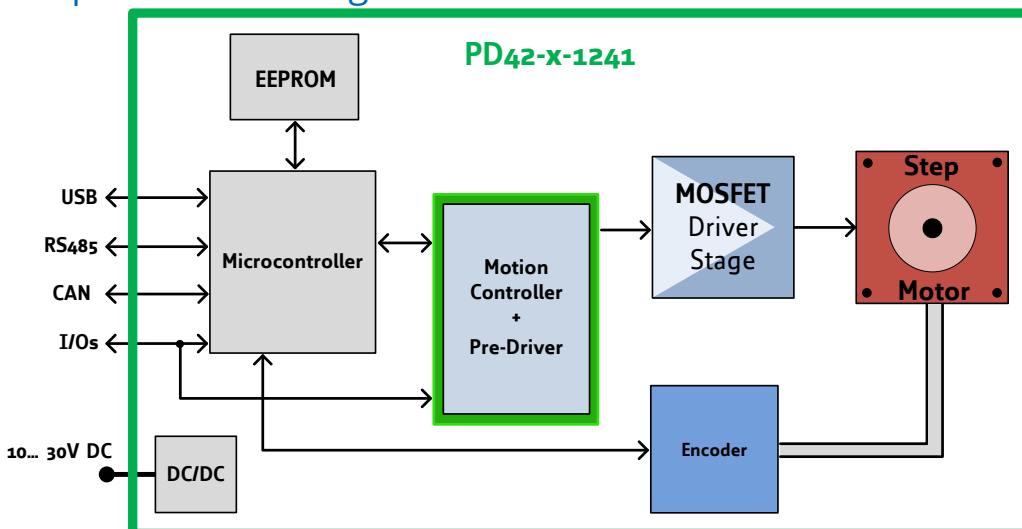
## Features

- Stepper Motor NEMA17 / 42mm
- 0.4Nm or 0.8Nm holding torque
- motor optimized for speed (>5k rpm possible @24V supply)
- with controller/driver
- Linear and sixPoint™ ramps
- +10... 30V DC supply voltage
- Up to 3A RMS motor current
- RS485, CAN & USB interface
- integrated sensOstep encoder and support for external encoder
- S/D interface
- multi-purpose inputs and outputs

## Applications

- Laboratory Automation
- Manufacturing
- Semiconductor Handling
- Robotics
- Factory Automation
- Test & Measurement
- Life Science
- Biotechnology
- Liquid Handling

## Simplified Block Diagram



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# 1 Features

The PANdrive™ PD42-3-1241 and PD42-4-1241 are small and compact full mechatronic solution including a NEMA17 / 42mm flange size stepper motor of different length and torque, the TMCM-1241 controller / driver electronics and TRINAMIC sensOstep™ encoder for step-loss detection. Both PANdrive include a stepper motor with high current coil windings (up-to 3A RMS) designed especially for higher speed operations (when comparing with the PD42-x-1240 line of PANdrives™). With the PD42-3-1241 more than 5000rpm are possible at 24V supply voltage. This PANdrive support both, stand-alone operation e.g. using the on-board I/Os together with the build-in TMCL scripting feature and remote operation using one of the available communication interfaces and even a mixture of both.

## Motion Controller

- Motion profile calculation in real-time
- On the fly alteration of motor parameters (e.g. position, velocity, acceleration)
- Linear and unique sixPoint™ramp in hardware
- Encoder interface and Reference / Stop switch inputs

## Driver

- Motor current: up to 3A RMS (4.3A peak, programmable in software)
- Supply voltage: +24V DC (+10... +30V DC)
- 256 microsteps per fullstep
- spreadCycle™highly dynamic current control chopper
- stealthChop™for quiet operation and smooth motion
- programmable Step/Dir interface for driver-only applications with microstep interpolation

## Encoder

- integrated sensOstep absolut position magnetic encoder (resolution: 1024 increments per rotation) for step-loss detection under all operating conditions and positioning supervision (accuracy: +/- 5 encoder steps)
- support for external A/B incremental encoder in addition / as an alternative for the integrated encoder
- programmable encoder scaling and support for motor stop on encoder deviation

## Interfaces

- RS485 interface (up-to 1Mbit/s)
- CAN interface (up-to 1Mbit/s)
- USB 2.0 full speed (12Mbit/s) device interface (micro-USB connector)
- Step/Dir input (optically isolated)
- Left and Right STOP switch inputs (optically isolated, shared with Step/Dir inputs)
- 2 general purpose digital inputs
- Encoder input for incremental A/B encoder signals (shared with general purpose digital inputs)
- 1 analog input (0..10V nom. input range)



- HOME switch input (shared with analog input)

### Software

- TMCL™ remote (direct mode) and standalone operation (memory for up to 1024 TMCL™ commands), fully supported by TMCL-IDE (PC based integrated development environment). Please see PD42-x-1241 TMCL firmware manual for more details
- CANopen firmware with CANopen standard protocol stack for the CAN interface. Please see PD42-x-1241 CANopen firmware manual for more details.



## 2 Order Codes

The combination of motor and motor mounted controller/driver electronic is currently available:

*The length of the PANdrives is specified without the length of the axis. For the overall length of the product please add 26mm*

Order Code	Description	Size (LxWxH)
PD42-3-1241-TMCL	PANdrive™with NEMA17 stepper motor, 0.4Nm max. TMCM-1241 electronics, 3A RMS, +24V, RS485, CAN, USB, sensOstep™encoder, TMCL firmware	42mm x 42mm x 60mm
PD42-3-1241-CANopen	PANdrive™with NEMA17 stepper motor, 0.4Nm max. TMCM-1241 electronics, 3A RMS, +24V, RS485, CAN, USB, sensOstep™encoder, CANopen firmware	42mm x 42mm x 60mm
PD42-4-1241-TMCL	PANdrive™with NEMA17 stepper motor, 0.8Nm max. TMCM-1241 electronics, 3A RMS, +24V, RS485, CAN, USB, sensOstep™encoder, TMCL firmware	42mm x 42mm x 73mm
PD42-4-1241-CANopen	PANdrive™with NEMA17 stepper motor, 0.8Nm max. TMCM-1241 electronics, 3A RMS, +24V, RS485, CAN, USB, sensOstep™encoder, CANopen firmware	42mm x 42mm x 73mm

Table 1: Order Code

A cable loom set is available for this module:

Order Code	Description
PD-1241-CABLE	Cable loom for PD42-1241: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 1x cable loom for power supply connector (cable length 200mm, 4pin JST EH connector at one end, open wires at the other end)</li> <li>• 1x cable loom for RS485 + CAN connector (cable length 200mm, 5pin JST PH connector at one end, open wires at the other end)</li> <li>• 1x cable loom for motor connector (cable length 200mm, 4pin JST EH connector at one end, open wires at the other end)</li> <li>• 1x cable loom for I/O connector (cable length 200mm, 8pin JST PH connector at one end, open wires at the other end)</li> <li>• 1x Micro-USB cable</li> </ul>

Table 2: PD-1241 Cable Loom

The controller/driver electronics is also available separately as TMCM-1241. Please refer to TMCM-1241 hardware manual for further details.



### 3 Mechanical and Electrical Interfacing

The PD42-3-1241 consists of the QSH4218-47-28-040 NEMA17 / 42mm stepper motor with 2.8A RMS rated coil current and 0.4Nm holding torque. The PD42-4-1241 consists of the QSH4218-80-30-060 NEMA17 / 42mm stepper motor with 3A RMS rated coil current and 0.8Nm holding torque. Both include the TMCM-1241 controller / driver electronic for up-to 3A RMS motor coil current mounted on the backside of the motor and an integrated sensOstep™ encoder. Please see also the TMCM-1241 hardware and firmware manuals for more details.

**NOTICE** **Note:** In order to make proper use of the integrated sensOstep™ encoder (the sensor IC is placed on the bottom of the pcb) the TMCM-1241 electronics should not be removed/moved relative to the motor. In case the integrated encoder feature is not used, the electronics may be moved or even removed from the motor and placed somewhere else according to application requirements.

#### 3.1 Dimensions of PD42-x-1241

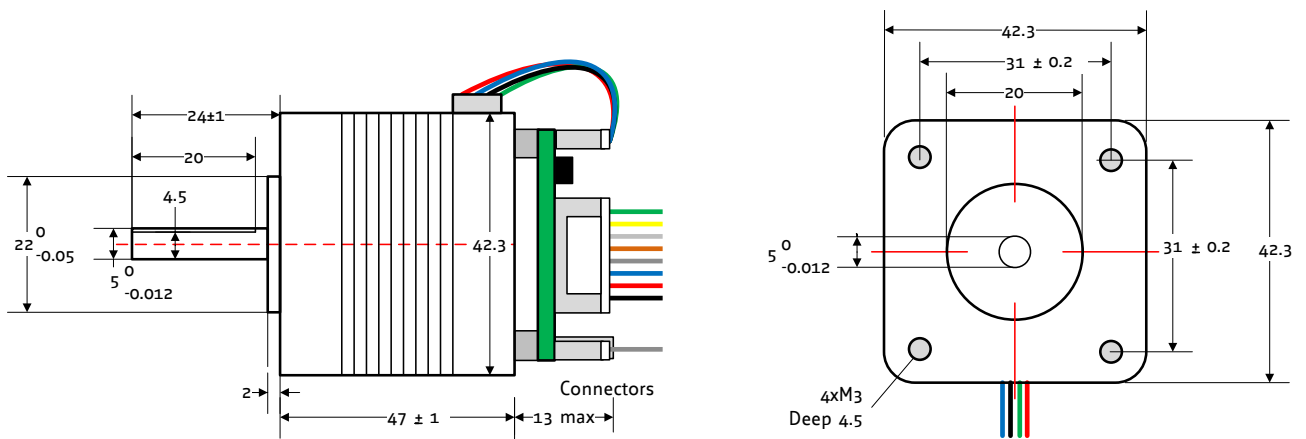


Figure 1: PD42-3-1241 with NEMA17 / 42mm stepper motors (all dimensions in mm)

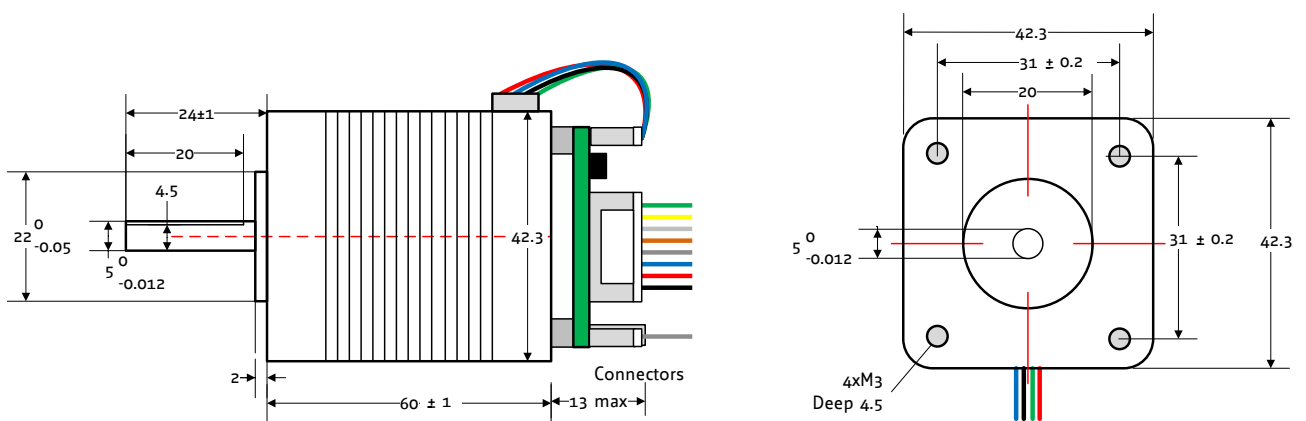


Figure 2: PD42-4-1241 with NEMA17 / 42mm stepper motors (all dimensions in mm)



## 3.2 Stepper motor

Main characteristics of the motor available as part of the PANdrive™:

Specifications	Unit	PD42-3-1241	PD42-4-1241
Step angle	°	1.8	1.8
Step angle accuracy	%	+/-5	+/-5
Ambient temperature	°C	-20...+50	-20...+50
Max. motor temperature	°C	80	80
Shaft radial play (450g load)	mm	0.02	0.02
Shaft axial play (450g load)	mm	0.08	0.08
Max radial force (20mm from front flange)	N	28	28
Max axial force	N	10	10
Rated voltage	V	1.4	3.3
Rated phase current	A	2.8	3
Phase resistance at 20°C	Ω	0.5	1.1
Phase inductance (typ.)	mH	0.6	2.7
Holding torque	Nm	0.40	0.80
Insulation class		B	B
Rotor inertia	g cm <sup>2</sup>	68	102
Weight	kg	0.35	0.5

Table 3: NEMA17 / 42mm stepper motor technical data



### 3.3 Integrated sensOstep™ encoder

The PD42-x-1241 PANdrives offer integrated sensOstep™ encoders based on hall sensor technology. As the name “sensOstep™” already indicates intended use of this type of compact and highly integrated encoder is step loss detection of motor movements. As soon as the motor has been moved to a new location the position may be verified using this encoder feedback. In case the stepper motor has lost one or multiple steps during movement e.g. due to overload / any obstacle encountered during movement the motor axes will jump for at least one electrical period / 4 full steps. This can be detected using the integrated encoder. In addition, step losses may be already detected during motor movements using the “deviation” setting available as part of the TMCL firmware (see PD42-x-1241 / TMCM-1241 firmware manual for more details). While the encoder offers 10bit (1024 steps) resolution per motor revolution the absolute position information is less accurate and depends on the displacement of the hall sensor based encoder IC relative to the magnet and motor axis among other factors. Every PANdrive™ has been tested for maximum deviation of +/- 5 encoder steps (static performance) relative to commanded microstep target position during final tests after assembly at our factory. This will ensure more than adequate performance of the integrated sensOstep™ encoder for step loss detection during motor movements.

#### NOTICE

**Do not disassemble PANdrive™ when using integrated encoder** In order to make proper use of the integrated sensOstep™ encoder (the sensor IC is placed on the bottom center of the pcb) the TMCM-1241 electronics should not be removed/moved relative to the motor! Otherwise encoder performance might suffer / not work.

Note: In case the integrated encoder feature is not used, the TMCM-1241 electronics may be moved or even removed from the motor and placed somewhere else according to application requirements.

#### NOTICE

**Keep the electronics free of (metal) particles!** The integrated sensOstep™ encoder uses a magnet at the end of the motor axis in order to monitor position of the motor axis. The magnet naturally attracts especially tiny metal particles. These particles might be held on the top side of the PCB and – even worse – start moving in accordance with the rotating magnetic field as soon as the motor starts moving. This might lead to shorts of electronic contacts / wires on the board and totally erratic behavior of the module! Use compressed air for cleaning the module if necessary (especially in prototype setups).

*In order to prevent shorts and better protect the electronics the TMCM-1241 printed circuit board is coated after assembly of components.*



## 4 Connectors

The PD42-x-1241 offers five connectors including the motor connector which is used for connecting the motor coils to the electronics. There is one motor and one power supply connector - both with four pins - and two interface connectors - one with five pins for RS485 and CAN and a dedicated micro-USB connector. All other inputs and outputs are concentrated on one 8 pin connector.

**NOTICE**

**Start with power supply OFF and do not connect or disconnect motor during operation!** Motor cable and motor inductivity might lead to voltage spikes when the motor is (dis)connected while energized. These voltage spikes might exceed voltage limits of the driver MOSFETs and might permanently damage them. Therefore, always switch off / disconnect power supply or at least disable driver stage before connecting / disconnecting motor.

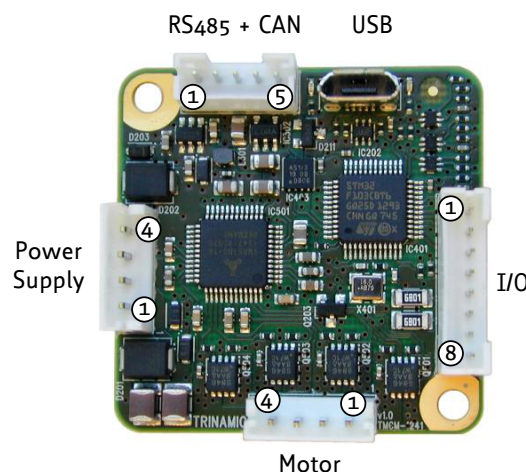


Figure 3: PD42-x-1241 connectors

Connector Types and Mating Connectors		
Connector	Connector type on-board	Mating connector type
Power	JST B4B-EH-A (JST EH series, 4pins, 2.5mm pitch)	Connector housing: JST EHR-4 Contacts: JST SEH-001T-P0.6 Wire: 0.33mm <sup>2</sup> , AWG 22
Motor	JST B4B-EH-A (JST EH series, 4pins, 2.5mm pitch)	Connector housing: JST EHR-4 Contacts: JST SEH-001T-P0.6 Wire: 0.33mm <sup>2</sup> , AWG 22
RS485+CAN	JST B5B-PH-K-S (JST PH series, 5pins, 2mm pitch)	Connector housing: JST PHR-5 Contacts: JST SPH-002T-P0.5S Wire: 0.22mm <sup>2</sup> , AWG 24
USB	USB-micro B female connector	USB-micro B male connector
I/O	JST B8B-PH-K-S (JST PH series, 8pins, 2mm pitch)	Connector housing: JST PHR-8 Contacts: JST SPH-002T-P0.5S Wire: 0.22mm <sup>2</sup> , AWG 24

Table 4: Connector Types and Mating Connectors of the PD42-x-1241



## 4.1 Power Supply Input Connector

The PD42-x-1241 offers one 4pin JST PH series power supply input connector. In addition to main power supply input and related ground connection this connector offers a separate logic supply input with the option to keep the on-board logic alive while the driver stage is switched off. It is not necessary to connect the logic supply input in case separate supplies are not required as the main power supply input will always supply power to the driver stage and the logic part.

The power supply input connector offers a driver enable input. This input has to be connected to any voltage above 3.5V up-to max. supply voltage of 30V in order to enable the driver stage. Leaving this pin unconnected or connected to ground (voltage below 2.4V) will disable the driver stage regardless of any settings in software. This input may be connected to main power supply input permanently in case an enable input in hardware is not required.

Power Supply Connector Pin Assignment			
Pin	Label	Direction	Description
1	GND	Power (GND)	Common system supply and signal ground
2	V <sub>MAIN</sub>	Power (input)	Main power supply input for the driver and on-board logic <i>10...30V</i>
3	Enable	Digital input	Driver enable input. A voltage above 3.5V is required here in order to enable the on-board stepper motor driver. This input maybe connected to main power supply input in order to enable the driver stage (+24V tolerant input).
4	V <sub>LOGIC</sub>	Power (input)	Optional separate power supply input for the on-board logic <i>10...30V</i>

Table 5: Power Supply Connector Pin Assignment

### NOTICE

**Do not connect or disconnect motor during operation!** Motor cable and motor inductivity might lead to voltage spikes when the motor is (dis)connected while energized. These voltage spikes might exceed voltage limits of the driver MOSFETs and might permanently damage them. Therefore, always switch off / disconnect power supply or at least disable driver stage before connecting / disconnecting motor.

### NOTICE

**Take care of polarity, wrong polarity can destroy the board!**

### NOTICE

**Connect Enable pin to voltage >3.5V in order to enable motor movements!**

## 4.2 Motor Connector

A second 4pin JST PH series connector is available for connection of a 2-phase bipolar stepper motor.

Motor Connector Pin Assignment			
Pin	Label	Direction	Description
1	B1	out	Pin 1 of motor coil B
2	B2	out	Pin 2 of motor coil B



Pin	Label	Direction	Description
3	A1	out	Pin 1 of motor coil A
4	A2	out	Pin 2 of motor coil A

Table 6: Motor Connector Pin Assignment

**NOTICE**

**Do not connect or disconnect motor during operation!** Motor cable and motor inductivity might lead to voltage spikes when the motor is (dis)connected while energized. These voltage spikes might exceed voltage limits of the driver MOSFETs and might permanently damage them. Therefore, always switch off / disconnect power supply or at least disable driver stage before connecting / disconnecting motor.

**NOTICE**

**Do not mix-up power supply and motor connectors!**

### 4.3 RS485 + CAN Connector

For serial communication the PD42-x-1241 offers selection between RS485, CAN and USB interfaces. While the USB interface is available for configuration and service of the board, mainly (e.g. parameter settings, firmware updates) a 5-pin JST PH series connector offers 2-wire RS485 and CAN interfaces for in system communication.

**NOTICE**

Due to hardware resource sharing USB and CAN communication interfaces are not available at the same time. As soon as USB is physically attached to a host or hub the CAN interface will be switched off.

RS485 + CAN Connector Pin Assignment			
Pin	Label	Direction	Description
1	GND	Power (GND)	Common system supply and signal ground
2	RS485+	Bidirectional	RS485 interface, diff. signal (non-inverting)
3	RS485-	Bidirectional	RS485 interface, diff. signal (inverting)
4	CAN_H	Bidirectional	CAN interface, diff. signal (non-inverting)
5	CAN_L	Bidirectional	CAN interface, diff. signal (inverting)

Table 7: RS485 + CAN Connector Pin Assignment

### 4.4 USB Connector

For serial communication the PD42-x-1241 offers selection between RS485, CAN and USB interfaces. The USB interface via on-board micro-USB connector (type B) is available for configuration and service of the board, mainly (e.g. parameter settings, firmware updates). The USB device interface supports full speed (12Mbit/s) communication and supports bus powered and self-powered operation. During bus-powered operation the low voltage logic part of the board will be powered, only. This includes the microcontroller and the non-volatile memory and therefore allows parameter settings and firmware updates of the board



using a standard USB cable, only. Of course, for any motor movement main supply via supply input connector is required.

**NOTICE**

Due to hardware resource sharing USB and CAN communication interfaces are not available at the same time. As soon as USB is physically attached to a host or hub the CAN interface will be switched off.

USB Connector Pin Assignment			
Pin	Label	Direction	Description
1	VBUS	Power (+5V)	USB +5V nom. power supply input
2	D-	Bidirectional	USB interface, diff. signal (inverting)
3	D+	Bidirectional	USB interface, diff. signal (inverting)
4	ID	Input	connected to GND (via 100k resistor)
5	GND	Power (GND)	Common system supply and signal ground

Table 8: USB Connector Pin Assignment

## 4.5 I/O Connector

The PD42-x-1241 offers several inputs (two of them optically isolated) and one digital (open-drain) output. The inputs include support for stop switches (left and right), home switch, step/direction, incremental A/B channel encoder and analog (0...+10V) input. All this functionality is available via one 8pin JST PH series I/O connector.

I/O Connector Pin Assignment			
Pin	Label	Direction	Description
1	GND	Power (GND)	Common system supply and signal ground
2	IN0/HOME	Input	Analog input (0...+10V) HOME switch input <i>+24V tolerant, programmable (separate) pull-up to +5V</i>
3	IN1/ENC_A	Input	General purpose digital input Incremental encoder input channel A <i>+24V tolerant, programmable pull-up (for IN1/IN2 together) to +5V</i>
3	IN2/ENC_B	Input	General purpose digital input Incremental encoder input channel B <i>+24V tolerant, programmable pull-up (for IN1/IN2 together) to +5V</i>
5	STOP_L/STEP	Input	STOP left switch input STEP pulse input <i>input optically isolated, +24V compatible</i>
6	STOP_R/DIR	Input	STOP right switch input DIR input <i>input optically isolated, +24V compatible</i>
7	ISO_COM	Power	Common positive (+24V_ISO) or negative (GND_ISO) isolated supply input for optically isolated inputs



Pin	Label	Direction	Description
8	OUT0	Output (OD)	Open-Drain output. Output will be pulled low when activated. Voltages up-to logic supply input level (or main supply input in case separate logic supply is not used) are supported here. Max. continuous pull-down current: 100mA

Table 9: I/O Connector Pin Assignment

All pins marked light green offer functional isolation towards main supply input. In case this is not required ISO\_COM may be connected to main ground or supply input, of course. The opto-coupler used are AC types. This way, either high side switches or low side switches for both inputs are supported.

## 5 On-Board LEDs

The board offers two LEDs in order to indicate board status. The function of both LEDs is dependent on the firmware version. With standard TMCL firmware the green LED should be flashing slowly during operation and the red LED should be off. When there is no valid firmware programmed into the board or during firmware update the red and green LEDs are permanently switched on. During reset to factory default values the green LED will be flashing fast. With CANopen firmware both LEDs are switched on/off/flashing according to standard definition.

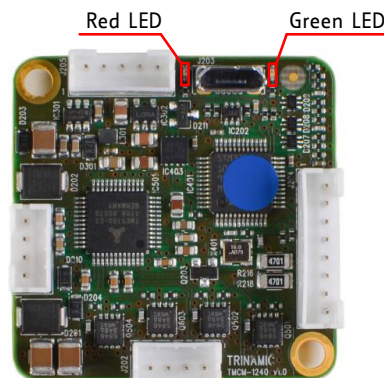


Figure 4: PD42-x-1241 LEDs

## 6 Reset to Factory Defaults

It is possible to reset all settings in firmware for the PD42-x-1241 to factory defaults without establishing a working communication connection. This might be helpful in case communication parameters of the preferred interface have been set to unknown values or got lost.

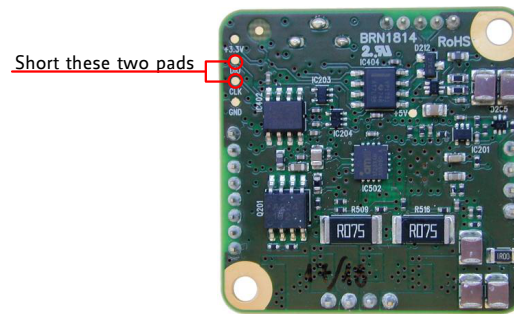
For this procedure two pads on the bottom side of the module have to be shorted (electrically connected with each other) during power-on.

Please perform the following steps:

1. Switch power supply OFF (and disconnect USB cable if applicable)
2. Short CLK and DIO pads of programming pads on bottom of pcb (see figure 5)
3. Switch power supply ON again (or connect USB again if applicable)
4. Wait until the on-board red and green LEDs start flashing fast (this might take a while)



5. Switch power supply OFF again (and disconnect USB cable if applicable)
6. Remove short between pads
7. After switching power supply ON again (and / or connecting USB cable) all permanent settings have been restored to factory defaults



*Figure 5: Reset to factory default settings*



## 7 I/Os

The I/O connector (8pin JST PH series) offers one analog input, two non-isolated digital inputs with integrated pull-ups (programmable) and two optically isolated inputs. All inputs can be used for different purposes explained in more detail in the following subsections.

### 7.1 Analog input IN0

The PD42-x-1241 offers one analog input. The analog input voltage range is approx. 0..+10V. For voltages above +10V saturation takes place but, up-to 30V higher voltages are tolerated without destroying the input. For analog to digital conversion the integrated ADC of the on-board microcontroller is used. Resolution of this converter is 12bit (0..4095).

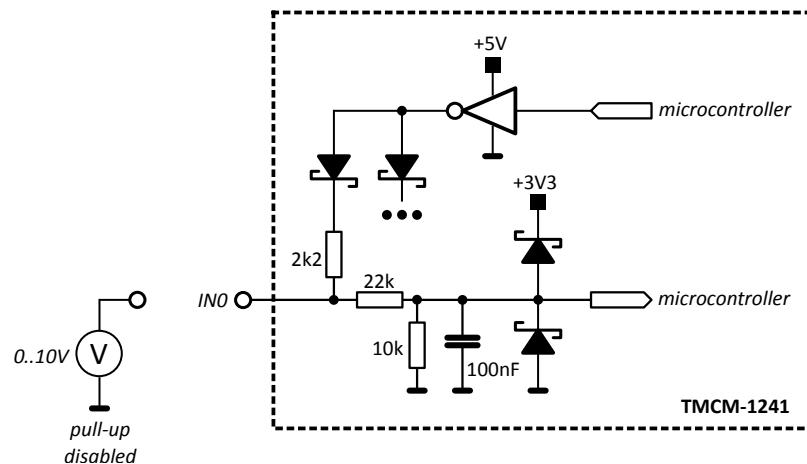


Figure 6: Analog input IN0

The analog input can be used as digital input, also. There is an integrated pull-up to +5V which can be switched on or off in software. When using this input as analog input the pull-up should be usually switched off.

### 7.2 Digital inputs IN1 and IN2

The PD42-x-1241 offers two digital inputs IN1 and IN2 which accept signals between 0 and 30V with voltages above approx. 2.9V recognized as logical '1' and below 1V as logical '0'. Both inputs offer integrated pull-ups to +5V which can be switched on or off in software (always together). When using the inputs with low-side switches (connected to GND), pull-ups usually should be switched on (default). In case high-side switches are used the pull-ups must be switched off. For push-pull signals the pull-ups may be either switched on or off.



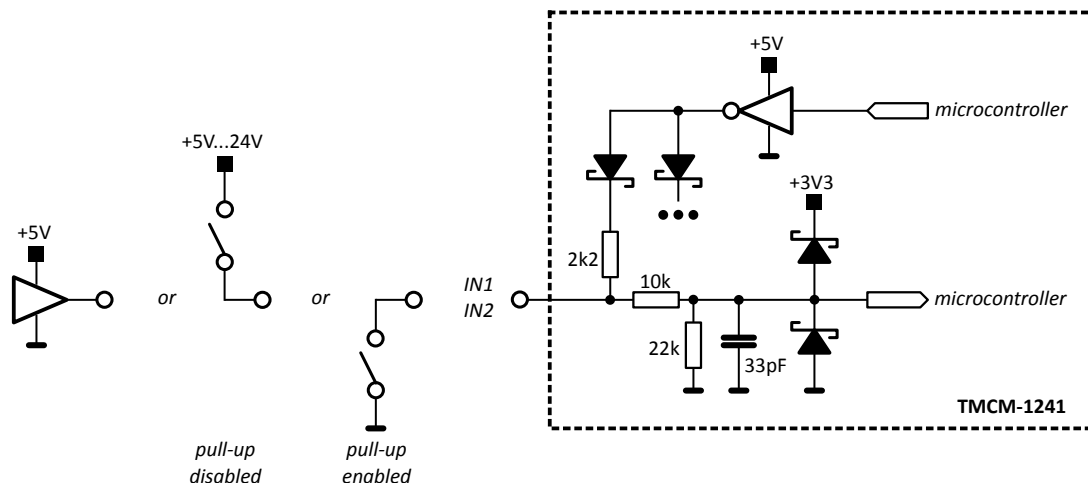


Figure 7: Digital inputs IN1 and IN2

### 7.3 HOME/STOP\_L/STOP\_R switch inputs

The PD42-x-1241 offers two optically isolated inputs which can be used as left (STOP\_L) and right (STOP\_R) stop switch inputs. When enabled in software the STOP\_L switch input will stop motor movement in negative direction (step counter decreasing) while activated. Likewise the STOP\_R switch input will stop motor movement in positive direction (step counter increasing) while activated.

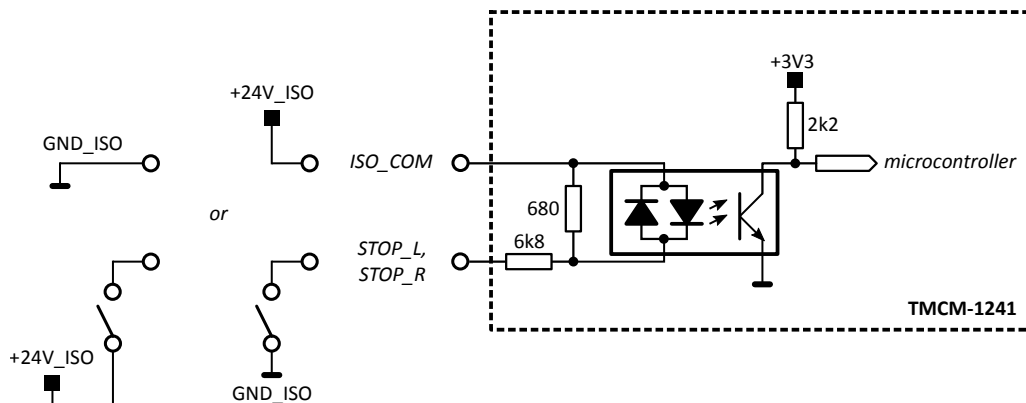


Figure 8: Stop switch inputs

A separated / isolated supply may be used for the switches - as indicated in the drawing (+24V\_ISO and related GND\_ISO) - but, same supply as for the PD42-x-1241 can be used, also, of course.

### 7.4 External incremental encoder input

The PD42-x-1241 offers an integrated hall-sensor based magnet encoder. In addition, an external incremental A/B encoder may be connected to the two digital inputs IN1 and IN2. Encoder with push-pull signals (e.g. +5V TTL) and open-drain output signals are supported (single-ended). For open-drain outputs the internal pull-ups should be activated in software (default mode).



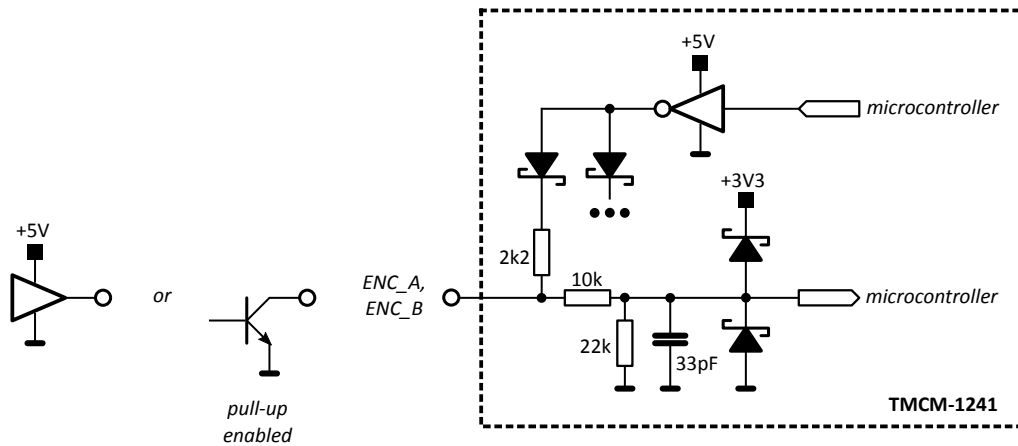


Figure 9: External encoder input

### 7.5 Step/Direction inputs

The PD42-x-1241 may be used as driver with an external motion controller. In this case the Step/Direction output signals of the external motion controller may be connected to the optically isolated Step/Dir inputs of the PD42-x-1241. Please note that these signals should be 24V signals. For lower voltage signals a simple small signal transistor may be inserted as level converter.

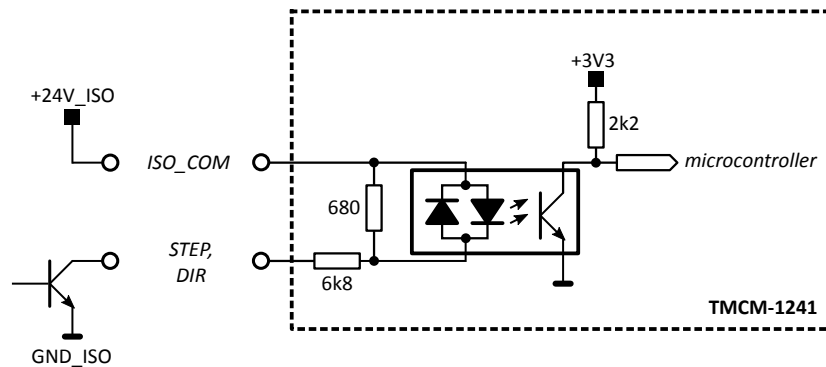


Figure 10: Step/Direction input

Due to limitations of the opto-isolators the maximum step frequency of these inputs is limited to around 20kHz. For higher motor speed the step interpolator of the driver stage should be activated or the microstep resolution reduced (default 256 microsteps per fullstep).



## 8 Communication

### 8.1 RS485

For remote control and communication with a host system the PD42-x-1241 provides a two wire RS485 bus interface. For proper operation the following items should be taken into account when setting up an RS485 network:

1. **BUS STRUCTURE:**

The network topology should follow a bus structure as closely as possible. That is, the connection between each node and the bus itself should be as short as possible. Basically, it should be short compared to the length of the bus.

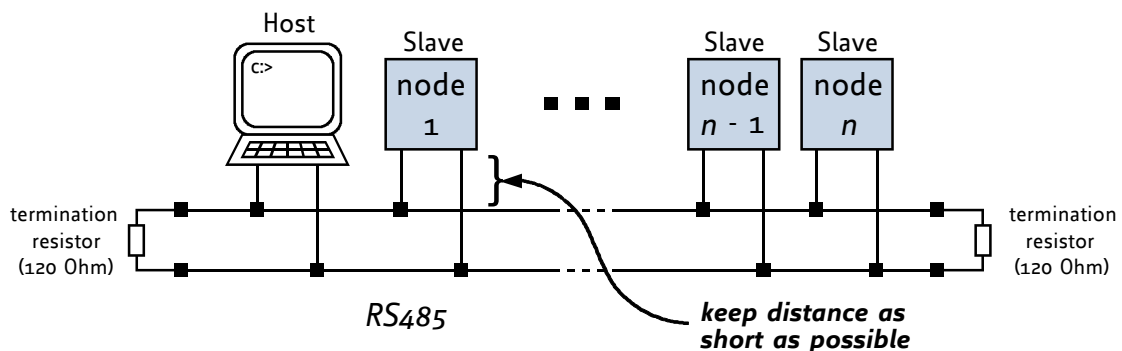


Figure 11: RS485 bus structure with termination resistors

2. **BUS TERMINATION:**

Especially for longer busses and/or multiple nodes connected to the bus and/or high communication speeds, the bus should be properly terminated at both ends. The PD42-x-1241 does not integrate any termination resistor. Therefore, 120 Ohm termination resistors at both ends of the bus have to be added externally.

3. **NUMBER OF NODES:**

The RS485 electrical interface standard (EIA-485) allows up to 32 nodes to be connected to a single bus. The bus transceiver used on the PD42-x-1241 units (SN65HVD1781D) offers a significantly reduced bus load compared to the standard and allows a maximum of 255 units to be connected to a single RS485 bus using standard TMCL firmware. *Please note: usually it cannot be expected to get reliable communication with the maximum number of nodes connected to one bus and maximum supported communication speed at the same time. Instead, a compromise has to be found between bus cable length, communication speed and number of nodes.*

4. **COMMUNICATION SPEED:**

The maximum RS485 communication speed supported by the PD42-x-1241 hardware is 1Mbit/s. Factory default is 9600 bit/s. Please see separate PD42-x-1241 TMCL firmware manual for information regarding other possible communication speeds below the upper hardware limit.

5. **NO FLOATING BUS LINES:**

Avoid floating bus lines while neither the host/master nor one of the slaves along the bus line is transmitting data (all bus nodes switched to receive mode). Floating bus lines may lead to communication errors. In order to ensure valid signals on the bus it is recommended to use a resistor network connecting both bus lines to well defined logic levels.

There are actually two options which can be recommended: Add resistor (bias) network on one side of the bus, only (120R termination resistor still at both ends):



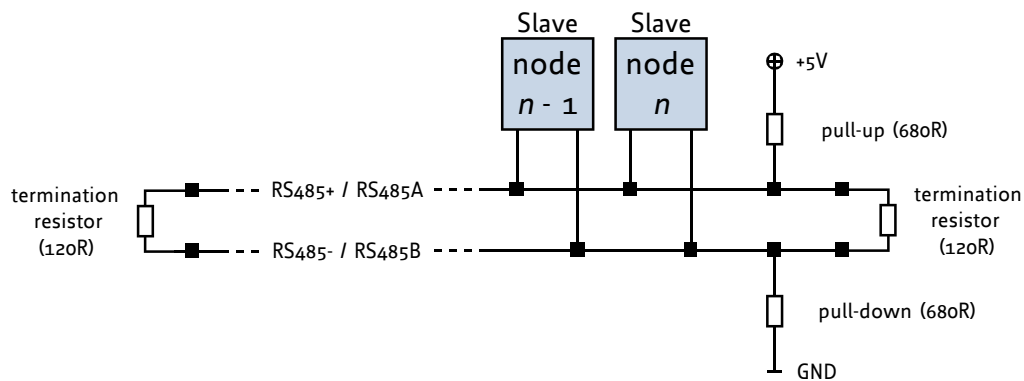


Figure 12: RS485 bus lines with resistor (bias) network on one side, only

Or add resistor network at both ends of the bus (like Profibus™ termination):

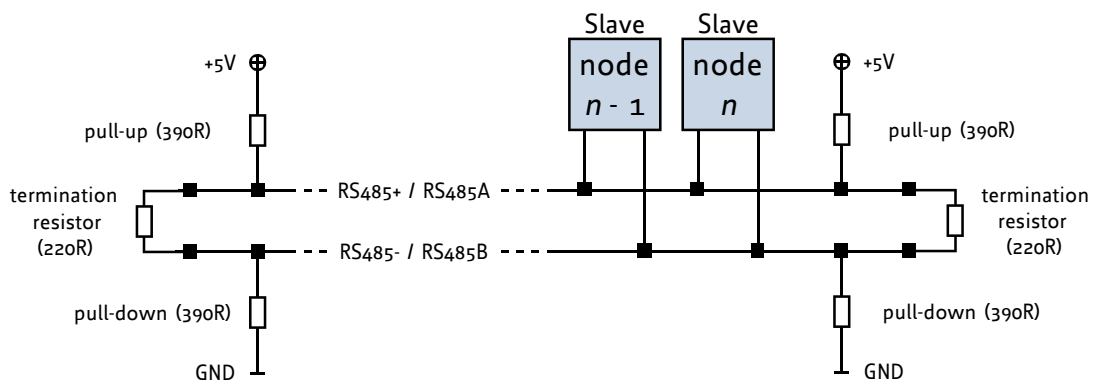


Figure 13: RS485 bus lines with Profibus™ recommended line termination

## 8.2 CAN

For remote control and communication with a host system the PD42-x-1241 provides a CAN bus interface. Please note that the CAN interface is not available in case USB is connected. For proper operation the following items should be taken into account when setting up a CAN network:

### 1. BUS STRUCTURE:

The network topology should follow a bus structure as closely as possible. That is, the connection between each node and the bus itself should be as short as possible. Basically, it should be short compared to the length of the bus.



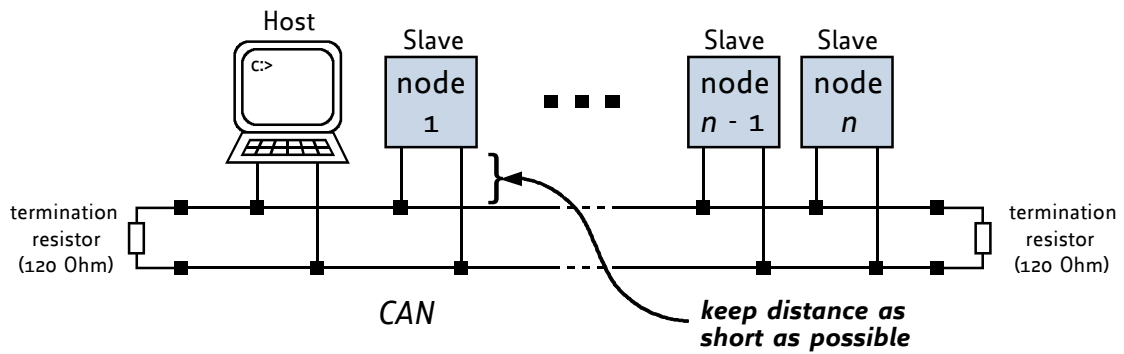


Figure 14: CAN bus structure with termination resistors

2. **BUS TERMINATION:**  
Especially for longer busses and/or multiple nodes connected to the bus and/or high communication speeds, the bus should be properly terminated at both ends. The PD42-x-1241 does not integrate any termination resistor. Therefore, 120 Ohm termination resistors at both ends of the bus have to be added externally.
3. **BUS TERMINATION:**  
The bus transceiver used on the PD42-x-1241 units (TJA1051T) supports at least 110 nodes under optimum conditions. Practically achievable number of nodes per CAN bus highly depend on bus length (longer bus -> less nodes) and communication speed (higher speed -> less nodes).

## 9 Motor driver current

The on-board stepper motor driver operates current controlled. The driver current may be programmed in software with 32 effective scaling steps in hardware.

Explanation of different columns in table below:

**Motor current setting in software (TMCL)** These are the values for TMCL axis parameter 6 (motor run current) and 7 (motor standby current). They are used to set the run / standby current using the following TMCL commands:

SAP 6, 0, <value> // set run current

SAP 7, 0, <value> // set standby current

(read-out value with GAP instead of SAP. Please see separate PD42-x-1241 firmware manual for further information)

**Motor current  $I_{RMS}$  [A]** Resulting motor current based on motor current setting

Motor Current Setting			
Motor current setting in software (TMCL)	Current scaling step (CS)	Motor current $I_{COIL}$ [A] peak	Motor current $I_{COIL}$ [A] RMS
0...7	0	0.135	0.096
8...15	1	0.271	0.192
16...23	2	0.406	0.287



Motor current setting in software (TMCL)	Current scaling step (CS)	Motor current $I_{\text{COIL}}$ [A] peak	Motor current $I_{\text{COIL}}$ [A] RMS
24...31	3	0.542	0.383
32...39	4	0.677	0.479
40...47	5	0.813	0.575
48...55	6	0.948	0.670
56...63	7	1.083	0.766
64...71	8	1.219	0.862
72...79	9	1.354	0.958
80...87	10	1.490	1.053
88...95	11	1.625	1.149
96...103	12	1.760	1.245
104...111	13	1.896	1.341
112...119	14	2.031	1.436
120...127	15	2.167	1.532
128...135	16	2.302	1.628
136...143	17	2.438	1.724
144...151	18	2.573	1.819
152...159	19	2.708	1.915
160...167	20	2.844	2.011
168...175	21	2.979	2.107
176...183	22	3.115	2.011
184...191	23	3.250	2.298
192...199	24	3.385	2.394
200...207	25	3.521	2.490
208...215	26	3.656	2.585
216...223	27	3.792	2.681
224...231	28	3.927	2.777
232...239	29	4.063	2.873
240...247	30	4.198	2.968
248...255	31	4.333	3.064

*Table 11: Available motor current settings*

In addition to the settings in the table the motor current may be switched off completely (free-wheeling) using axis parameter 204 (see PD42-x-1241 firmware manual).



## 10 Torque curves

### 10.1 PD42-3-1241 Torque Curve

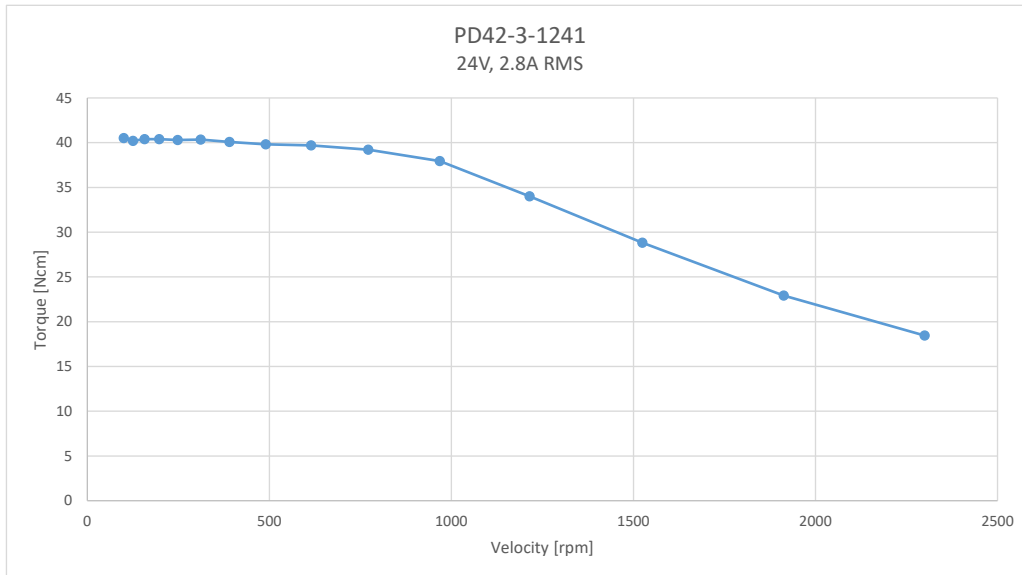


Figure 15: PD42-3-1241 torque vs. velocity 24V / 2.8A RMS, 256 $\mu$ steps

### 10.2 PD42-4-1241 Torque Curve

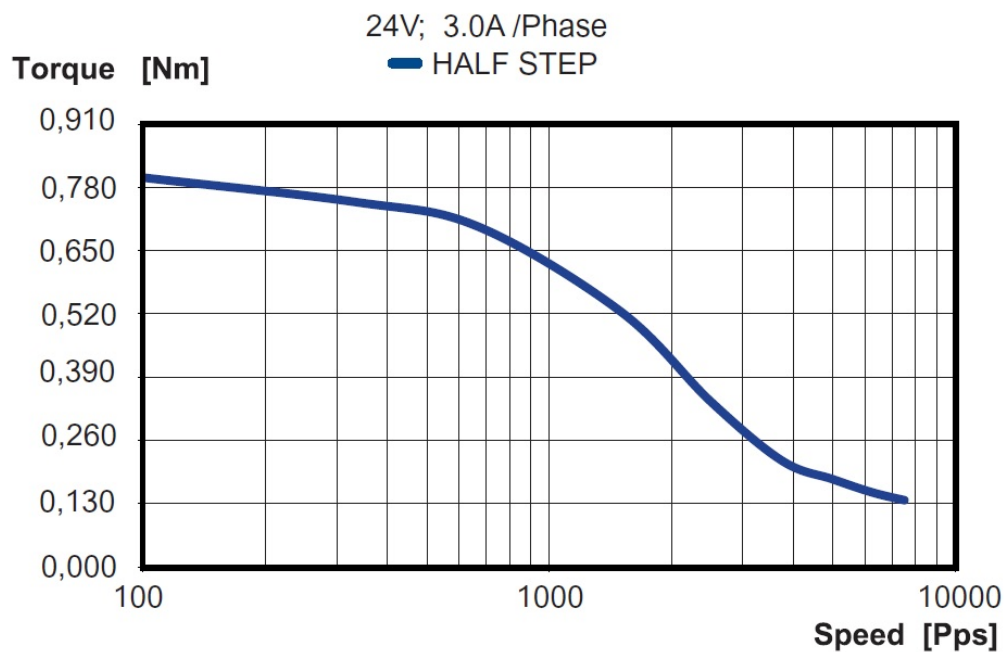


Figure 16: PD42-4-1241 torque vs. velocity 24V / 3A RMS, 256 $\mu$ steps



## 11 Functional Description

The PD42-x-1241 is a full mechatronic solution including a 42mm flange (NEMA17) bipolar stepper motor. It includes the controller / driver electronics TMCM-1241 and a choice between four different NEMA 17 / 42mm flange size bipolar hybrid stepper motors with different length and torque.

The PD42-x-1241 can be controlled via USB, RS485 or CAN serial interfaces. There are three general purpose digital inputs which can be used, also as STOP\_L / STOP\_R / HOME switch inputs (for reference movements, as end switches etc. depending on firmware, mode and configuration) or for connecting an additional external encoder (incremental A/B/N). In addition, there is one dedicated analog input for 0... +10V analog signals and two general-purpose outputs (one open-drain and one switchable +5V supply output).

The PD42-x-1241 with TMCL™ firmware option is supported by the PC based software development environment TMCL-IDE for the Trinamic Motion Control Language (TMCL™). Using predefined TMCL™ high level commands like move to position a rapid and fast development of motion control applications is guaranteed. Please refer to the PD42-x-1241 or TMCM-1241 firmware manuals for more information about TMCL™ commands.

Communication traffic is kept low since all time critical operations, e.g. ramp calculation are performed on board. Complete stand-alone or full remote control or anything in-between is possible. The firmware of the module can be updated via the serial interface. As an alternative to TMCL, a CANopen firmware is available.

### The PD42-x-1241 contains the following main components:

- Microcontroller (ARM Cortex-M3™), responsible for overall control and communication
- Highly integrated advanced stepper motor controller supporting linear and unique 6-points ramps in hardware
- Advanced stepper motor driver with stallGuard2™ and coolStep™ with MOSFET driver stage (8x power N-MOSFETs for bipolar stepper motor)
- RS485, CAN and USB transceivers
- On-board voltage regulators (+5V and +3V3) required for supply of all on-board digital circuits

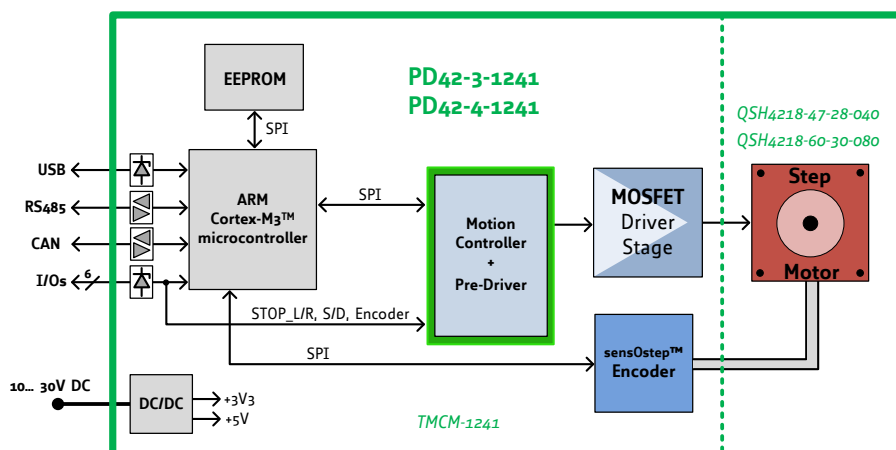


Figure 17: PD42-x-1241 block diagram



## 12 Operational Ratings and Characteristics

### NOTICE

**Never Exceed the absolute maximum ratings!** Keep the power supply voltage below the upper limit of +30V! Otherwise the board electronics will seriously be damaged! Especially, when the selected operating voltage is near the upper limit a regulated power supply is highly recommended.

General Operational Ratings					
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{\text{Power}}$	Power supply voltage	10	12...24	30	V
$I_{\text{Power}}$	Power supply current		$\ll I_{\text{COIL\_RMS}}$	$1.4 \times I_{\text{COIL\_RMS}}$	A
$V_{\text{USB}}$	Power supply via USB connector		5		V
$I_{\text{USB}}$	Current withdrawn from USB supply when USB bus powered (no other supply connected)		42		mA
$I_{\text{COIL\_PEAK}}$	Motor coil current for sine wave <b>peak (chopper regulated, adjustable via software)</b>	0	0...4	4.3	A
$I_{\text{COIL\_RMS}}$	Continuous motor current ( <b>RMS</b> )	0	0...2.8	3	A
$T_{\text{ENV}}$	Environmental temperature at rated current (no forced cooling required)	-30		50	°C

Table 12: General operational ratings of the module

Operational Ratings of the I/Os					
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{\text{OUT0}}$	Voltage at open drain output OUT0 (switched off)	0		$+V_{\text{Power}}$	V
$I_{\text{OUT0}}$	Output sink current of open drain output OUT0 (switched on)			100	mA
$V_{\text{IN0/1/2}}$	Input voltage for IN0...IN2	0	0...+24	+30	V
$V_{\text{IN0}}$	Measurement range for analog input IN0	0		+10 <sup>1</sup>	V
$V_{\text{IN1/2\_L}}$	Low level voltage for IN1 and IN2 (digital inputs)			1	V
$V_{\text{IN1/2\_H}}$	High level voltage for IN1 and IN2 (digital inputs)	2.9			V
$V_{\text{STOP\_L/R\_ON}}$	Switch-On opto-isolated inputs (voltage between input and ISO_COM)		20-24	30	V
$V_{\text{STOP\_L/R\_OFF}}$	Switch-off opto-isolated inputs (voltage between input and ISO_COM)	0	0-16		V
$f_{\text{STEP/DIR}}$	Max. frequency for step/direction opto-isolated inputs		20		kHz

<sup>1</sup> approx. 0...+10.56V at the analog input IN0 is translated to 0...4095 (12bit ADC, raw values). Above approx. +10.56V the analog input will saturate but, not being damaged (up-to VDD).



Operational Ratings of the I/Os					
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit

Table 13: Operational ratings of I/Os

Operational Ratings of the RS485 Interface					
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$N_{RS485}$	Number of nodes connected to single RS485 network			256	
$f_{RS485}$	Max. speed for RS485 network			1Mbit/s	

Table 14: Operational ratings of the RS485 interface

Operational Ratings of the CAN Interface					
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$N_{CAN}$	Number of nodes connected to single CAN network			>110	
$f_{CAN}$	Max. speed for CAN network			1Mbit/s	

Table 15: Operational ratings of the CAN interface



## 13 Abbreviations used in this Manual

Abbreviation	Description
IDE	Integrated Development Environment
LED	Light Emmitting Diode
RMS	Root Mean Square value
TMCL	TRINAMIC Motion Control Language

*Table 16: Abbreviations used in this Manual*



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## 16 Supplemental Directives

### 16.1 Producer Information

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This product documentation is related and/or associated with additional tool kits, firmware and other items, as provided on the product page at: [www.trinamic.com](http://www.trinamic.com).



## 17 Revision History

### 17.1 Hardware Revision

Version	Date	Author	Description
V1.0	2018-MAR-27	GE	Initial version.

*Table 17: Hardware Revision*

### 17.2 Document Revision

Version	Date	Author	Description
1.00	2018-MAY-07	GE	Initial version based on TMCM-1241 hardware manual
1.10	2018-MAY-11	GE	Torque curve added
1.20	2018-MAY-17	GE	PD42-4-1241 added
1.21	2018-JUL-17	SK	Fixed Order Codes
1.22	2018-SEP-03	GE	Product image updated

*Table 18: Document Revision*

